

Report S-DALINAC



TECHNISCHE
UNIVERSITÄT
DARMSTADT

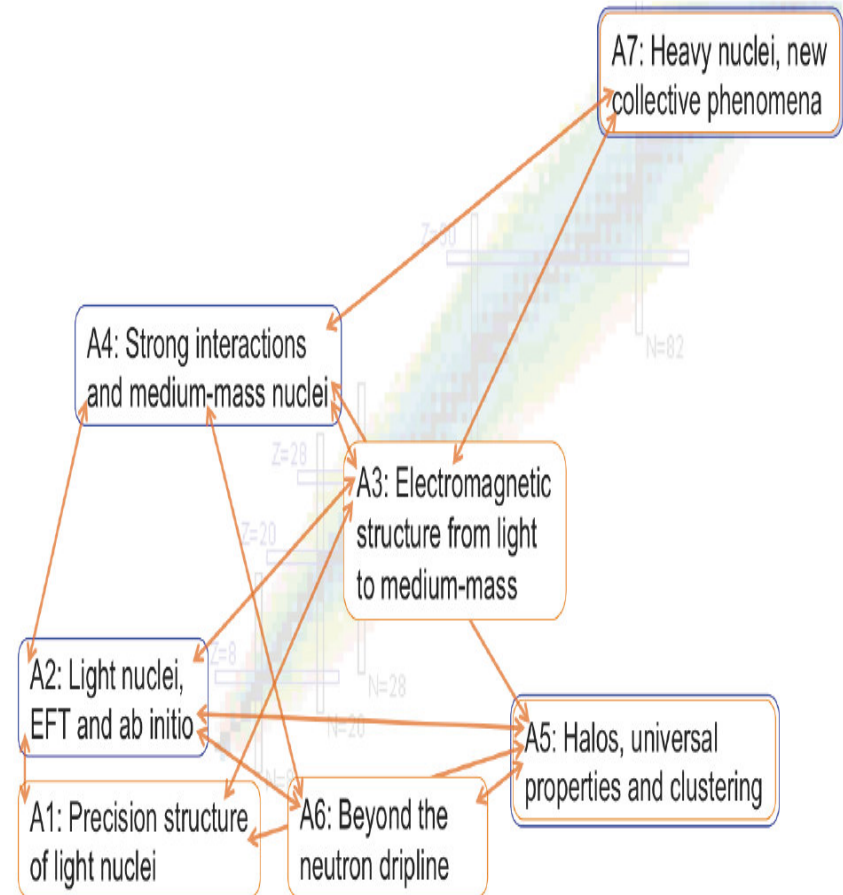
Norbert Pietralla

- **Role of S-DALINAC in CRC 1245**
 - Reminder at research proposals
 - Overview on accelerator complex
- **Recent Upgrades**
 - 3rd recirculation
 - Scraper system
 - Cooling plant
 - Miscellaneous
- **Thanks & Conclusions**



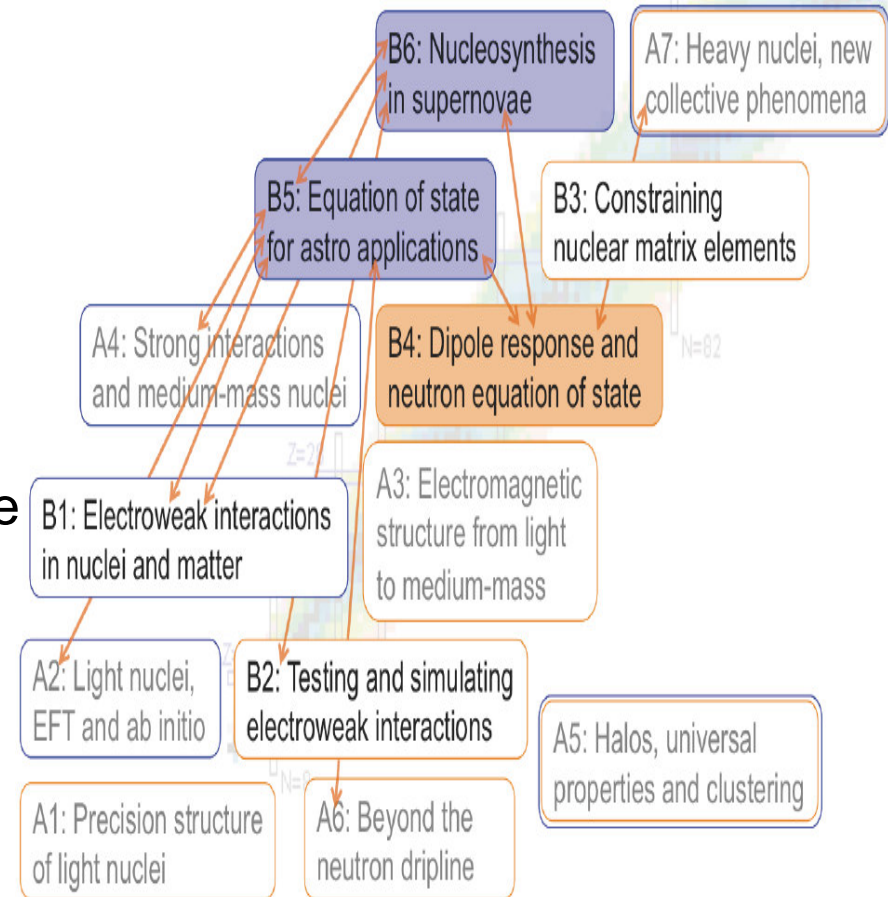
S-DALINAC-Projects in SFB 1245 – Area A

- **A01:**
Precision measurement of EM-M.E.'s:
 ^4He in (e, e') on LHe-Target;
 ^6Li , ^{11}B , ^{27}Al in Relat. Self-Absorption,
Charge radii: ^6Li , ^{11}B in (e, e)
- **A03:**
 $B(E2)$ in ^{12}C (NRF), $B(\pi\lambda)$ in ^{14}C (e, e')
- **A07:**
Nuclear vorticity $(e, e'\gamma)$: ^{92}Zr , ^{208}Pb ,
 γ -decay of GDR (Sn)



S-DALINAC-Projects in SFB 1245 – Area B

- **B02:**
q-dependence of magnetic form factors: ^{10}B , ^{16}O $^{40,48}\text{Ca}$ in 180° $-(e,e')$
- **B03:**
 γ -decay and E0 M.E.'s in $\beta\beta$ -emitters
NRF: ^{150}Nd , $^{82}\text{Se/Kr}$; (e,e') on $^{76}\text{Ge/Se}$
Transition form factors $^{129,131}\text{Xe}$
- **B04:**
Complete decay scheme after photoexcitation with tagged photons



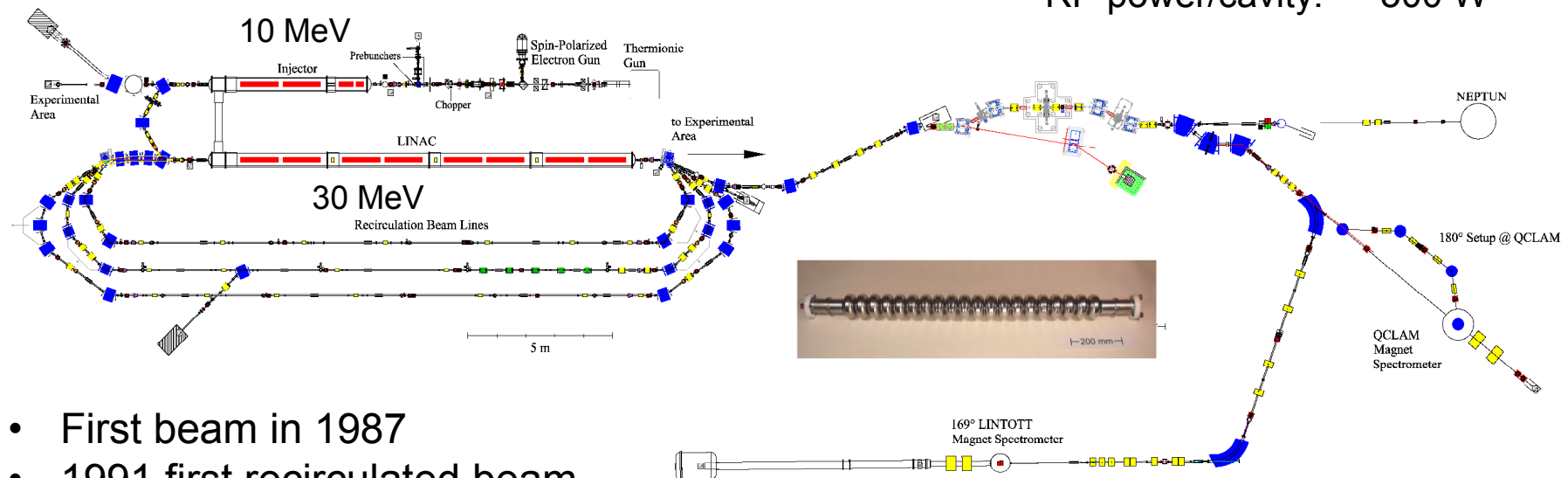
The S-DALINAC is the most-heavily used research infrastructure of the CRC 1245

S-DALINAC Overview

- Built in the 1980s
- 12 Nb-SRF Cavities, $\lambda = 0.1$ m
- Liquid helium @ 2 K
- Cryo-plant: 100 W cooling power

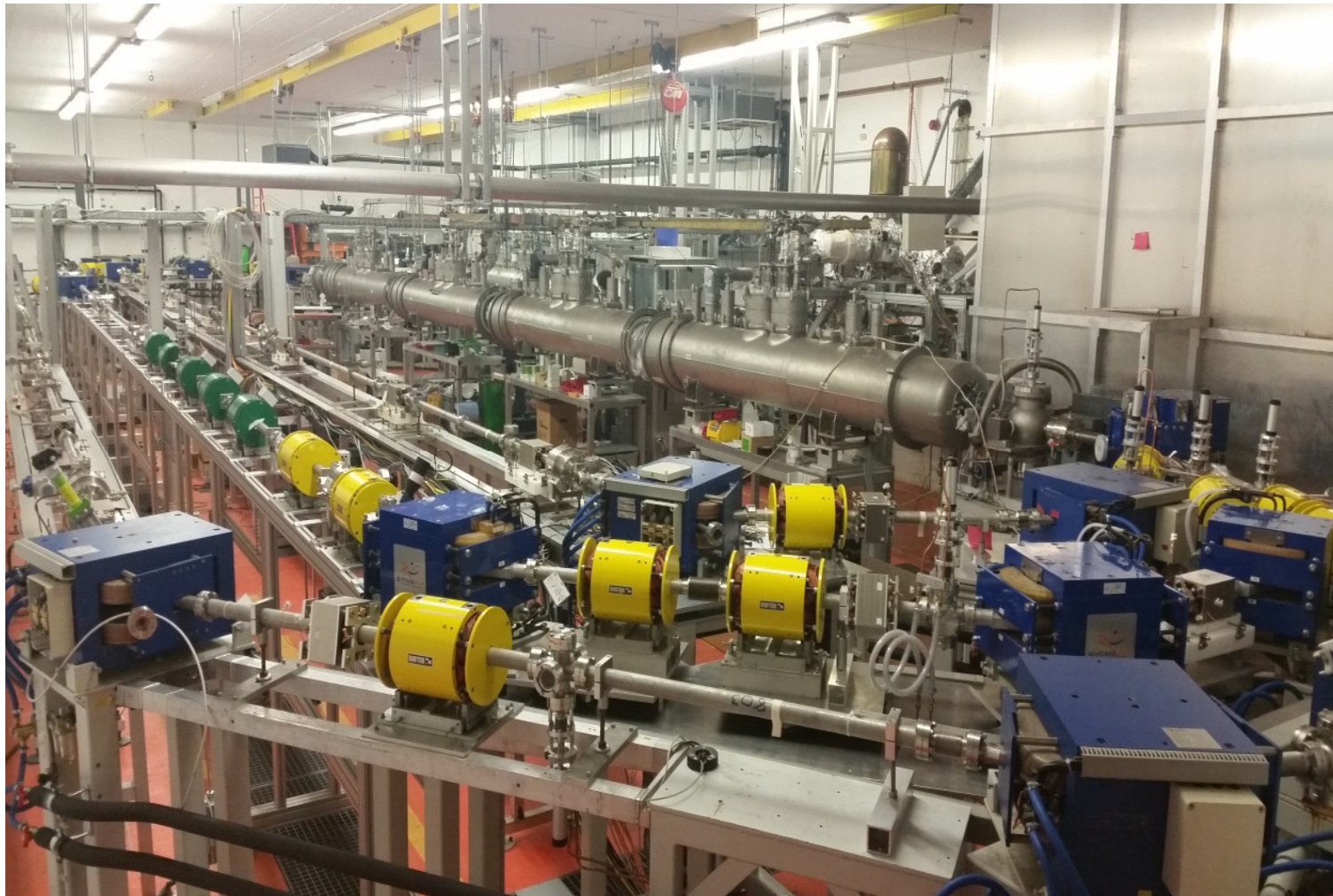
Parameters:

| | |
|------------------|------------|
| Max. Energy: | 130 MeV |
| Beam Current: | 20 μ A |
| Duty cycle: | cw |
| Frequency: | 3 GHz |
| RF-power/cavity: | 500 W |



- First beam in 1987
- 1991 first recirculated beam
- 3rd recirculation in 2016

Accelerator hall

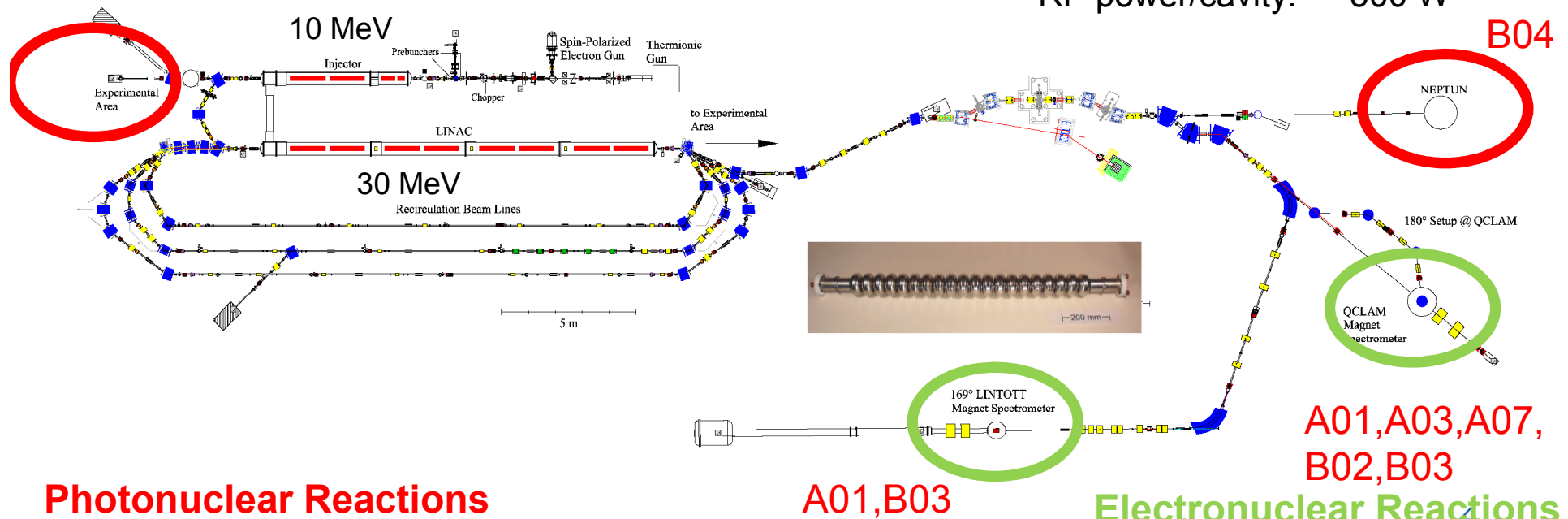


S-DALINAC (since 2016)

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A01,A03,B03

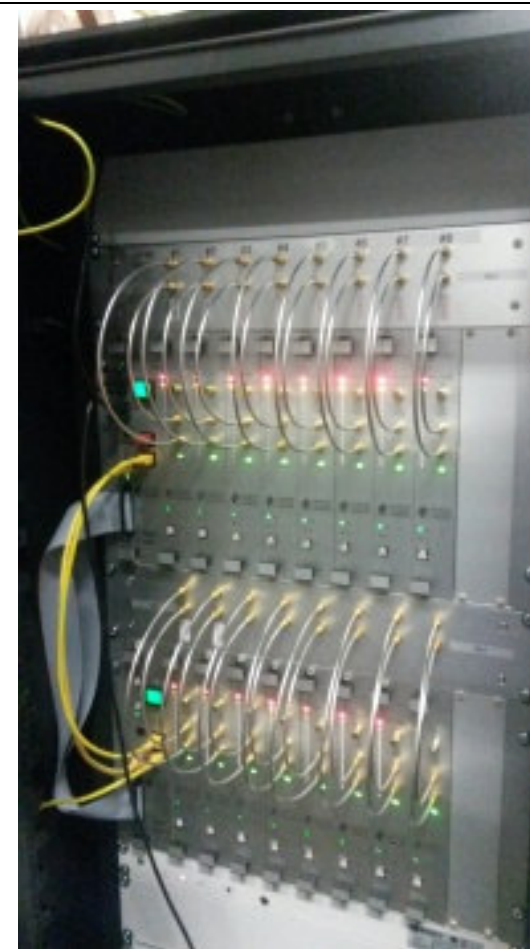


Photonuclear Reactions

Electronuclear Reactions

Status after CRC 634 (mid-2015)

- Cooling-water stabilized (± 0.1 K)
- RF stabilized (digital RF-control system)
- Energy-spread set by injector (due to non-isochronous mode), $\Delta E \approx 22$ keV
- 130 MeV design energy was not reached
- Cryo-plant leaking and aged (short operating times)
- Cooling-water piping eroding
- Accelerator alignment unsatisfactory
- Too few diagnostics (BLM, RF, magnets, halo)



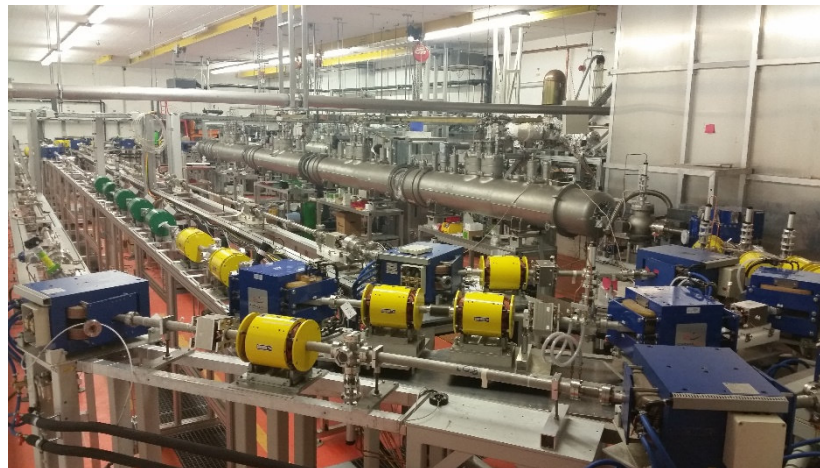
3rd recirculation

A Third Recirculation with ERL- Option for the S-DALINAC - Design and Implementation

Fall 2015



Summer 2016



Motivation

- Final design energy of 130 MeV (cw) has not been reached yet
 - ⇒ lower Q and higher dissipated power of the sc cavities
- Stable and reliable beamtime possible at 85 MeV (cw)
- Important experimental parameter: cross section

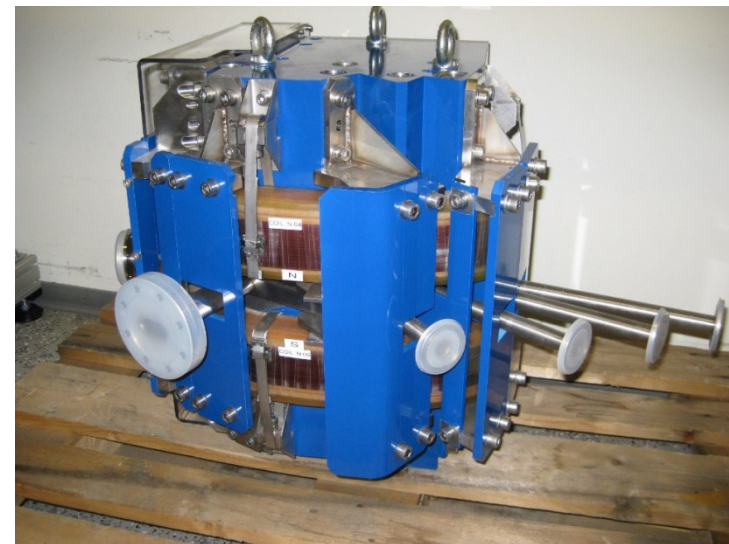
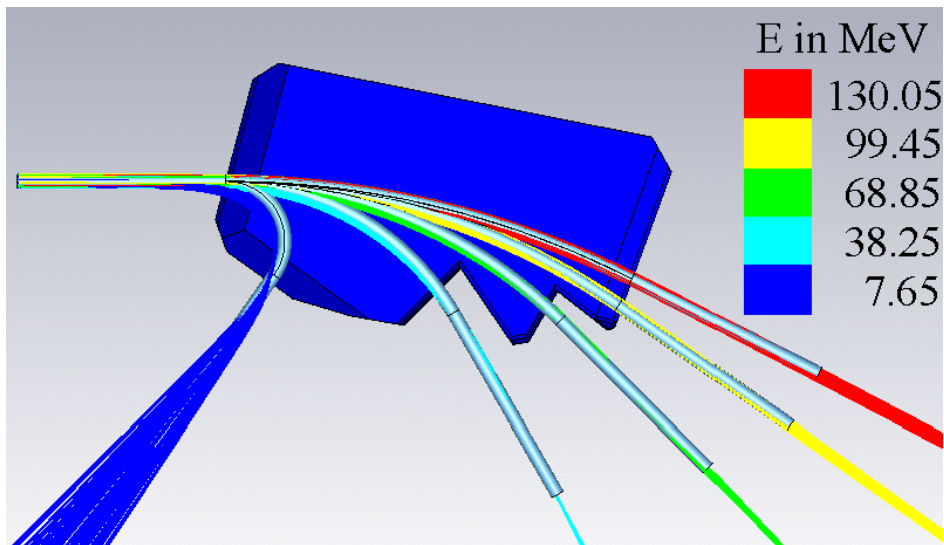
$$\left(\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}\right)_{Mott} = 4(Ze^2)^2 \frac{E^2}{(q\hbar c)^4} \left(1 - \frac{(q\hbar c)^2}{4E^2}\right)$$

with $q = \text{const.}$

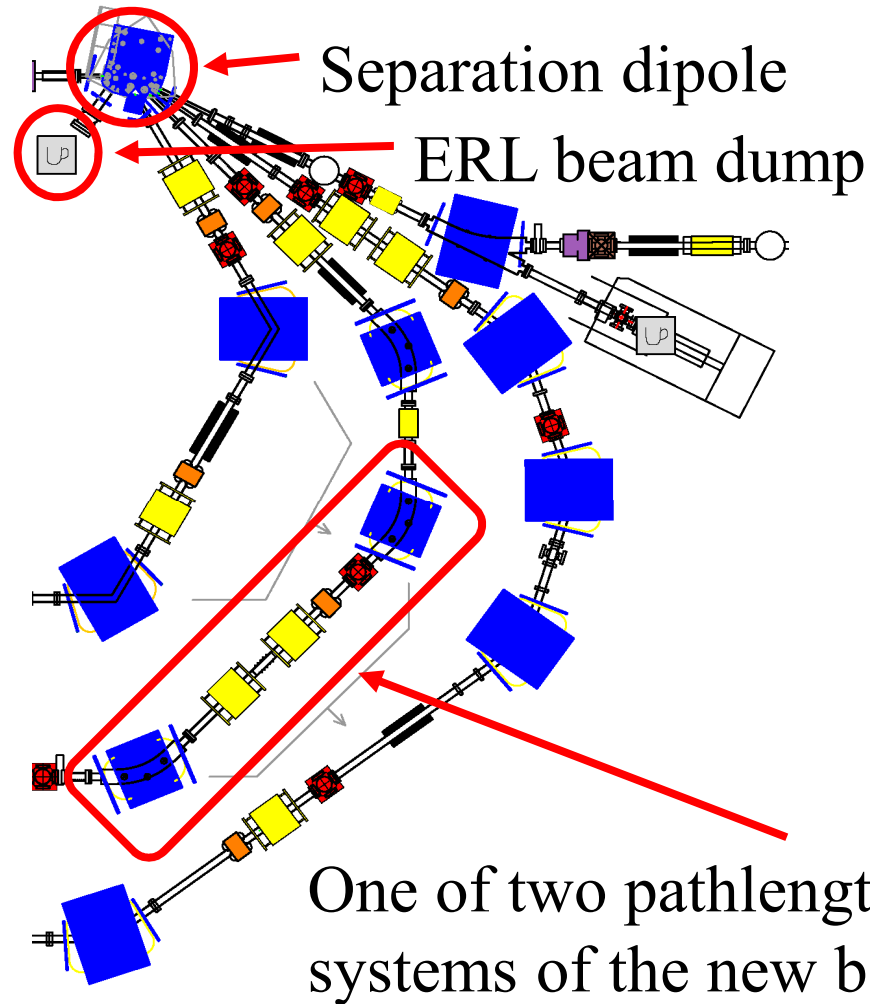
- ⇒ Higher energies lead to higher cross sections and shorter measurement times
- ⇒ Goal: 130 MeV final energy (cw)

Separation Dipole

- Particle tracking of all beam energies (CST Particle Studio)
- Conservative starting conditions
 - Beam diameter: 10 mm
 - Energy spread: $1 \cdot 10^{-3}$
 - Angular spread: 0.1°



Extraction Arc







- 15 km cables
- 500 cables
- 500 m copper-pipes for water
- 250 m flexible tubes





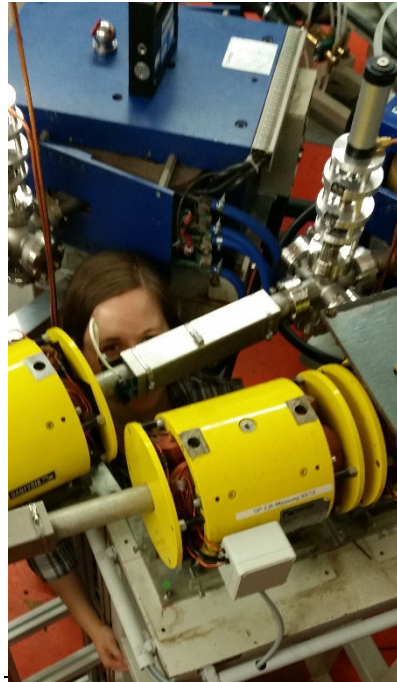
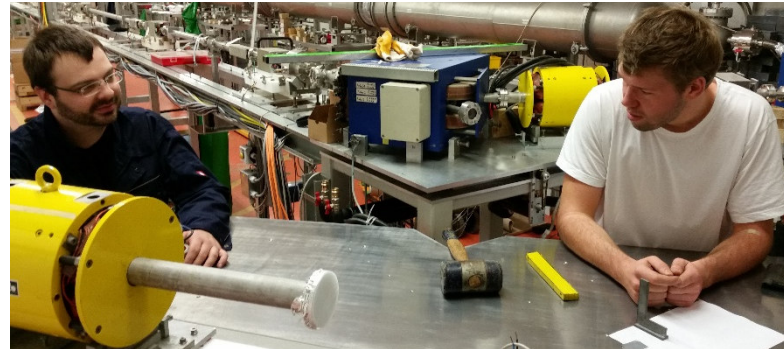
Fachbeitrag

Lösler et al., Hochpräzise Erfassung von Strahlführungselementen ...

Hochpräzise Erfassung von Strahlführungselementen des Elektronenlinearbeschleunigers S-DALINAC

Michael Lösler, Michaela Arnold, Hermann Bähr, Cornelia Eschelbach, Thore Bahlo,
Ruben Grewe, Florian Hug, Lars Jürgensen, Philipp Winkemann und Norbert Pietralla

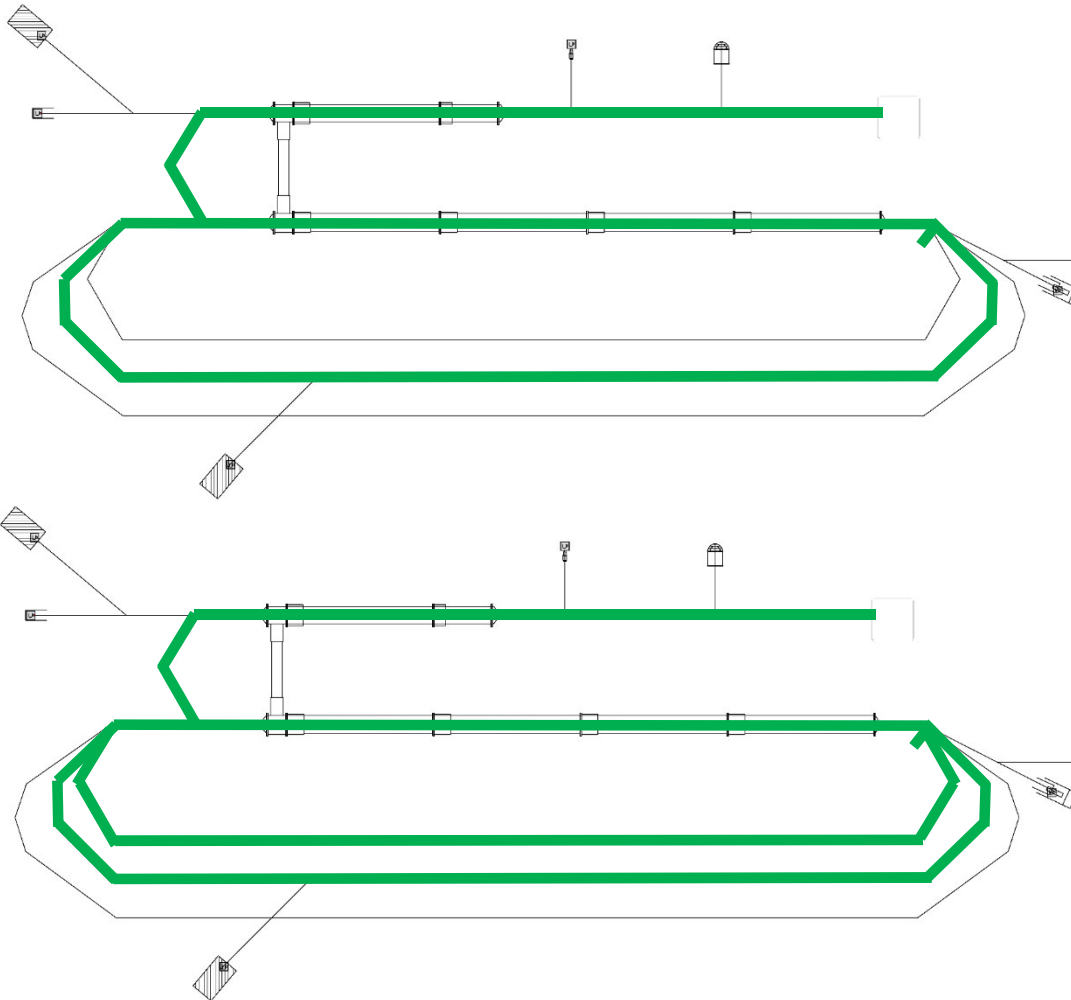
346 | *zfv* 6/2015 140. Jg.



3rd recirculation: S-DALINAC @ 130 MeV



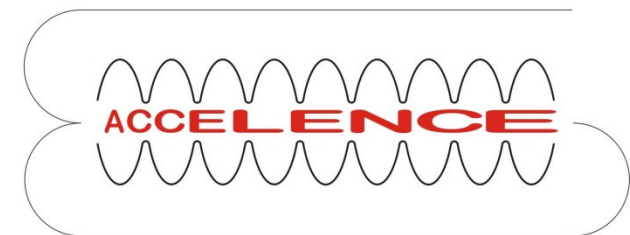
+ ERL Operating Schemes



Twice-recirculating ERL

Beam dynamics for
non-isochronous ERL
to be investigated...
(world-first)

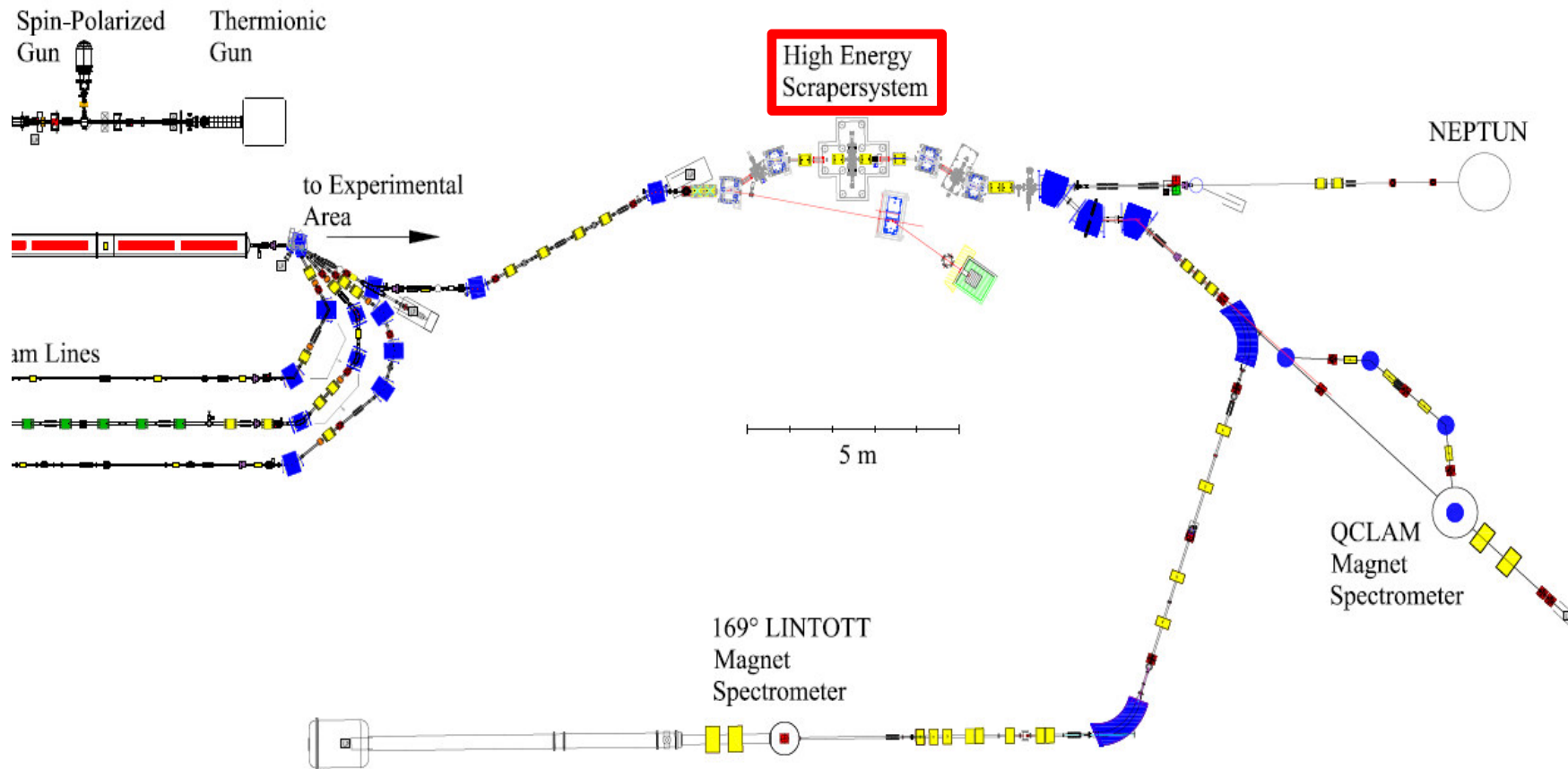
GRK 2128



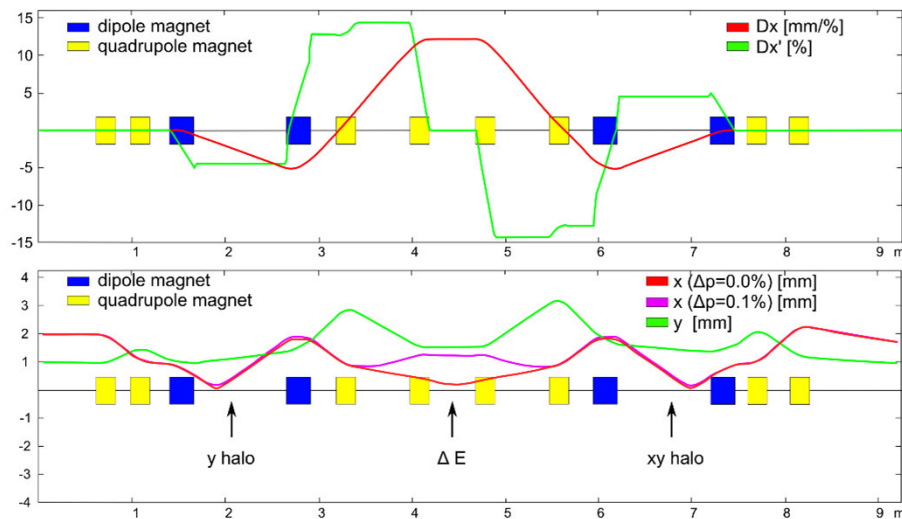
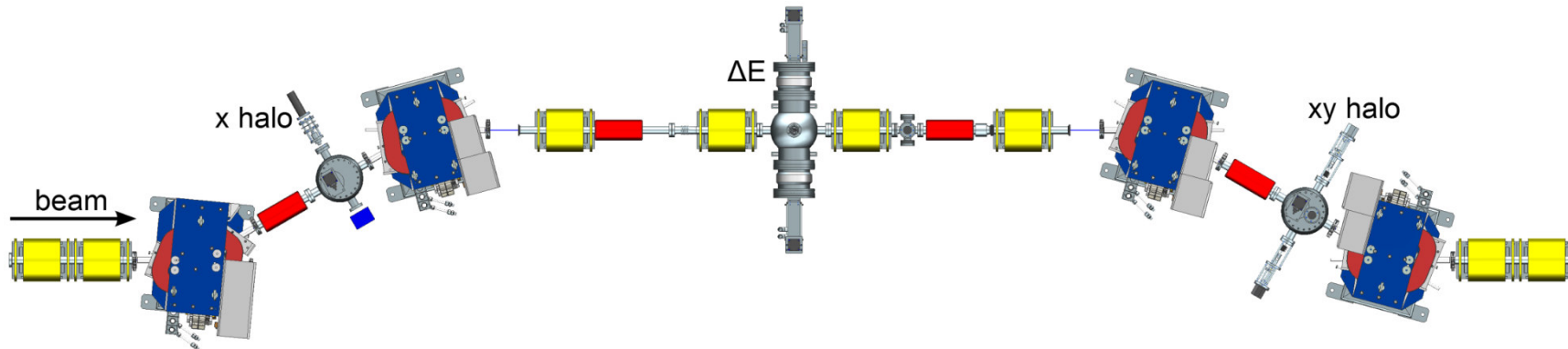
JOHANNES GUTENBERG
UNIVERSITÄT MAINZ

High-Energy Scraper System

Status extraction beamline

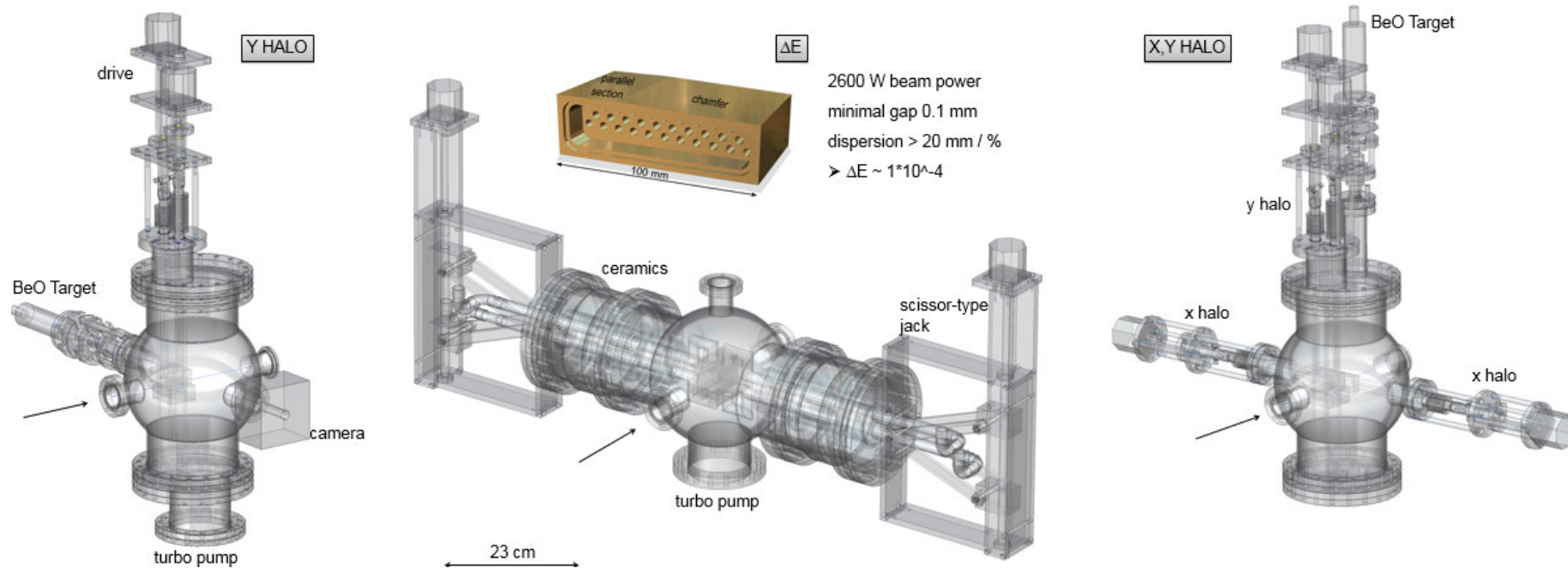


Status extraction beamline

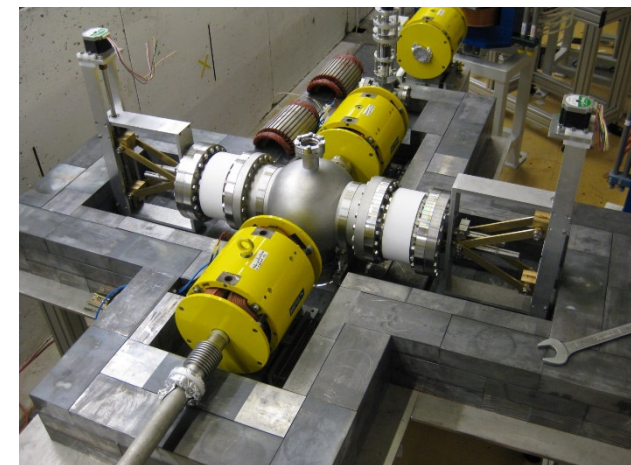
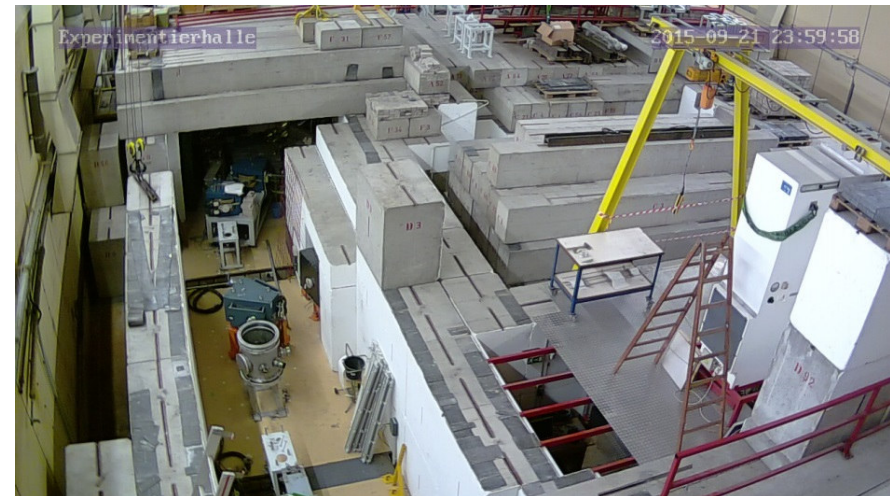


Status extraction beamline

Scraper Chambers



Status extraction beamline



Status extraction beamline



Status extraction beamline

- four-dipole-chicane installed
- three scraper chambers installed
- vacuum leaks eliminated (old components repaired)
- radiation shielding pre-installed
- slit-positions aligned
- Moeller magnet and Faraday cup in position
- New person safety cage installed
- additional steerer magnet for Q-CLAM spectrometer installed
- alignment of beamline towards Lintott- and Q-CLAM-spectrometer corrected
- spectrometer-heights corrected (-8 mm, -4 mm [THW])
- **ToDo:**
 - cabling of ~ 30 devices (magnets, drives, pumps, valves)
 - installation of compressed-air (5 targets and 6 valves)
 - installation of cooling water (4 magnets and 8 scrapers-brackets)
 - installation of rough-vacuum piping



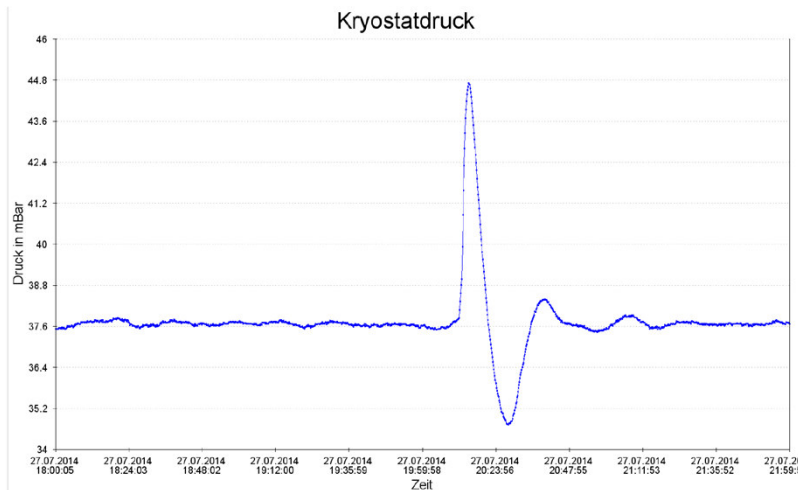
During upgrade shutdown

- Upgrade required numerous changes in infrastructure
- In addition, long-time overdue work had to be done:
 - Cryo-plant
 - Cabling / electricity / power supplies
 - Cooling water
 - Vacuum system
 - Different repairs
 - Replacing aging components (e.g. steerers)
 - Additional diagnostics (e.g. BLMs, RF-monitors, rotating coils)
 - Alignment
 - etc.



Cryo-Plant

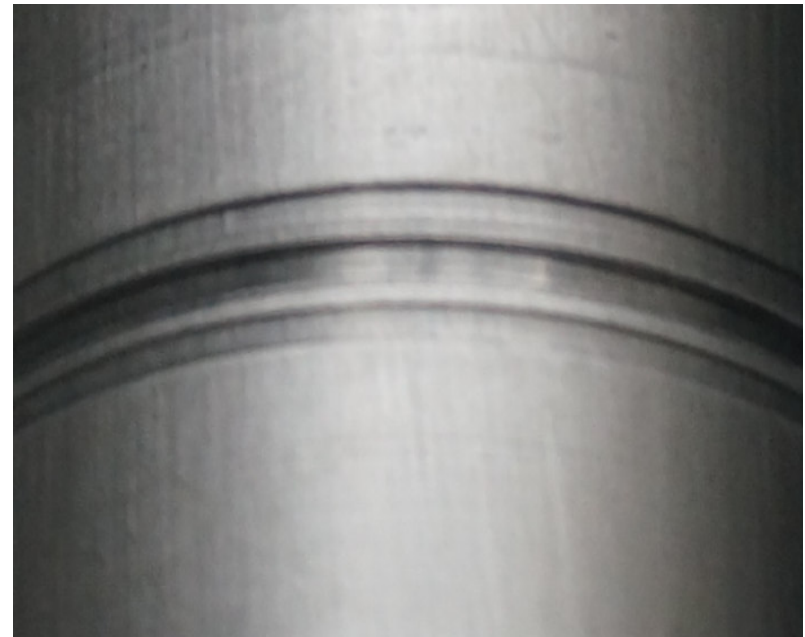
Pressure problem in the 2 K helium



- Since 2014, the pressure of the 2 K helium bath did rise on a regular basis (e.g. every 12h)
- Pressure rose from 35 to 45 mbar
- Pumping units turn up speed and overheat → beam loss for 1 h
- Desorption of cryosorbed He in stainless steel by small temperature fluctuations; cold-leak between LHe and shield vacuum
- Fixed by replacements of all seals in 1. linac module

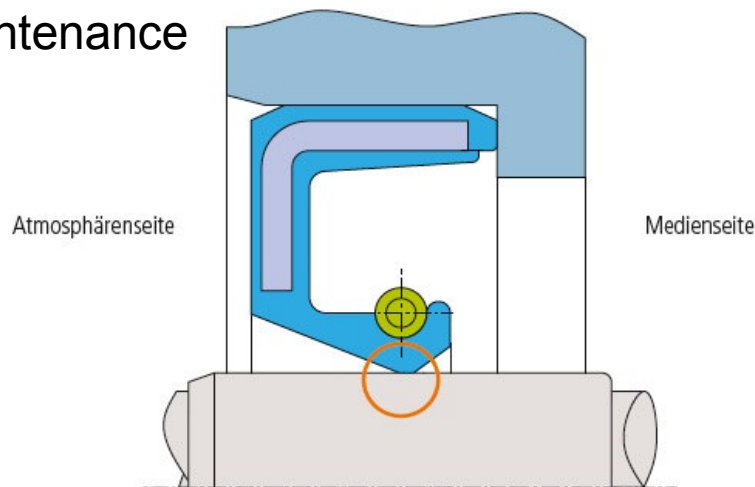
Leakage of helium pumping station

- High oil temperature leads to wear and heat cracks at the shaft seal and roping begins at the surface of the sleeve.
- The notch on the sleeve leads to an air leakage into the helium system
- Intense collaboration (1/2 year) with vendor (Leybold) and DESY lead to solution
- Ceramic-coated bushing was applied, maximizing skin hardness of bearing surface
- Leakage problem was fixed
- At the moment we perform an endurance test



Replacement of Radial Shaft Seal Ring of high pressure screw compressor

- Radial shaft seal rings are seals with a circumferential sealing lip
- Used for sealing of rotating elements
- Separates the inside of the screw compressor, filled with oil, from the outside, the ambient air
- Has to be replaced during scheduled maintenance



- Small impurities on the sealing lip cause ambient air flow against the print direction to the inside of the compressor and contaminates the helium
- Impurity problem of LHe caused by the high pressure screw compressor is fixed

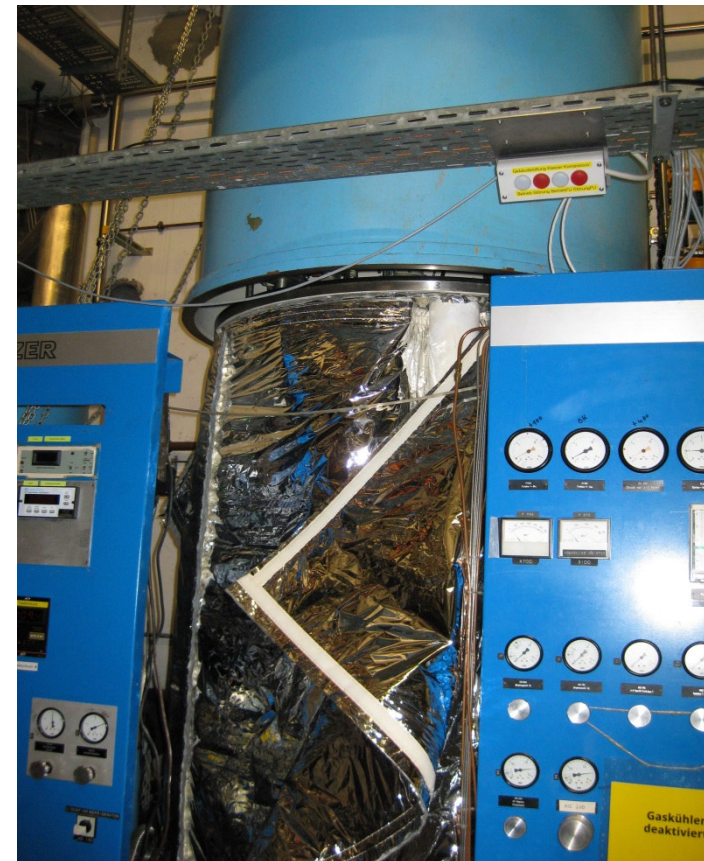
Replacement of adsorber heating in Coldbox 1

- Activated charcoal adsorber located in Coldbox 1 (CB 1) after the first heat exchanger
- Operated at a temperature of 80 K
- Adsorbs impurities from the helium flow to avoid damage of the expander turbines
- If saturated: shutdown of the cryo-plant and regenerating
- Regenerating the charcoal by helium purging and heating at once



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- Regenerating the charcoal by helium purging and heating at once
- **Problem: adsorber heater did not work for many years, no complete regeneration possible**
- Result: Stand-time of cryo plant unsatisfactory (≈ 2 months)



Replacement of adsorber heating in Coldbox 1

- Broken heater is soldered on the charcoal box
- Heating line cannot be removed from the box without damage



- A new flexible heating band was double-ply wrapped around the box
- Additional temperature sensors were installed
- Regeneration now possible, H₂O level in residual gas significantly reduced

Further essential work

Further upgrades during shut-down

- Complete replacement of cooling water supply for all bending magnets in the accelerator hall and extraction area



Further upgrades during shut-down

- Complete replacement of the cooling water supply for all bending magnets in the accelerator hall and extraction area
- Installation of new separate cooling water supplies for the ERL-cup as well as for the FEL-cup



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- Design and assembly of customized cooling water manifolds for three power supply racks



Further upgrades during shut-down

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- Installation of new separate cooling water supplies for the ERL-cup as well as for the FEL-cup
- Design and assembly of customized cooling water manifolds for three power supply racks
- Replacement of one cryo pump, two cryo compressors and one gate valve for the beam vacuum



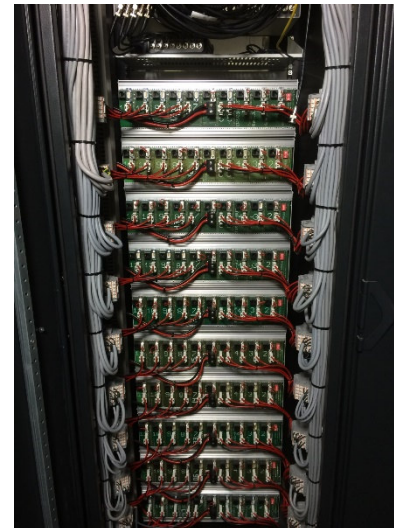
Further upgrades during shut-down



- Installation of a customized heating sleeve for the external high pressure adsorber including a sensor system for inside temperature measuring
- Replacement of a broken ECO-Drain oil return unit and fixing a PLC bug

Further upgrades during shut-down

- Cables and new power supplies for most of the magnets



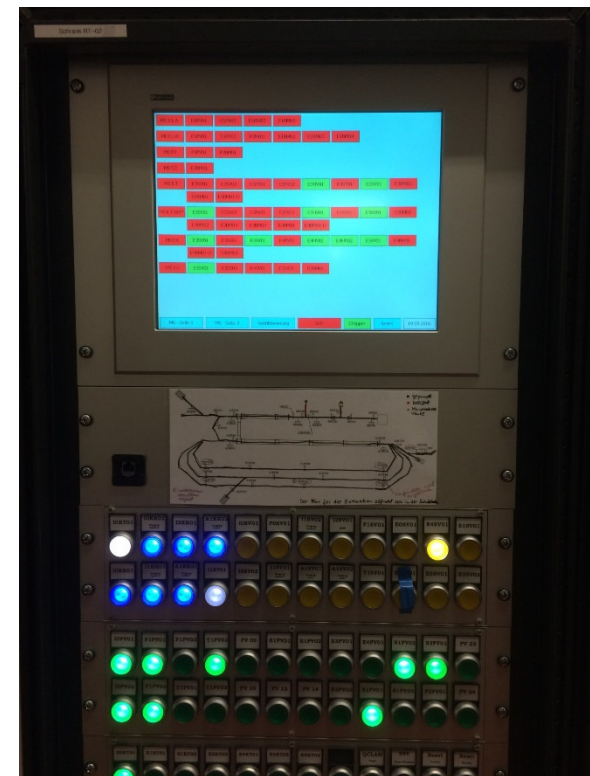
Further upgrades during shut-down

- Cables and new power supplies for most of the magnets
- Updating database, Integration of all new parts in EPICS
- CSS optimized
- Radiation safety signs



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Further upgrades during shut-down

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- CSS optimized
- Radiation safety signs
- Update: Interlock and vacuum valve control
- New RF-Amplifiers
- New electric supplies for spectrometer



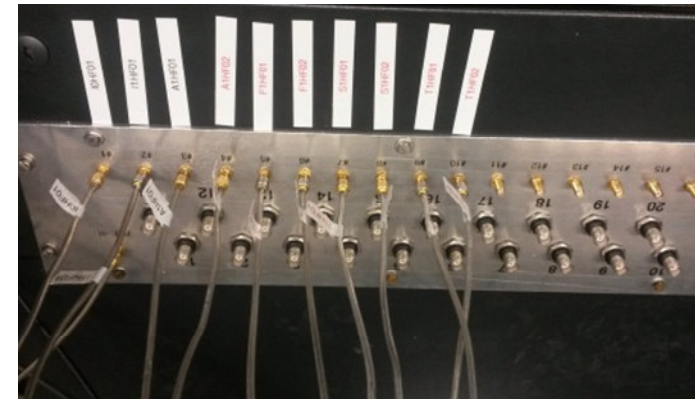
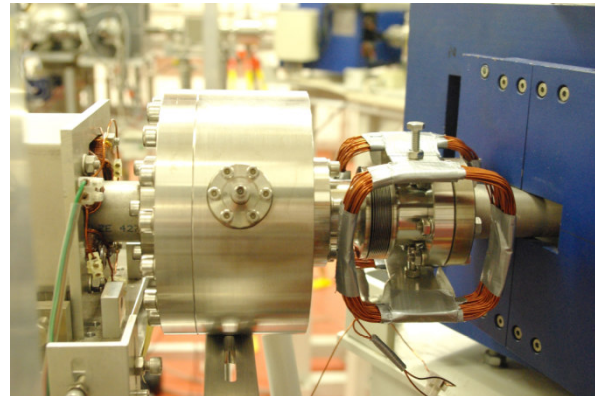
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- Interlock and vacuum valve control updated
- New RF-Amplifiers
- New electric supplies for spectrometer
- New coils for extraction dipole
- GUN-Computer replaced with CAN-Gateway
- Rotating coils for measurement of B-field
- Installation of additional BLMs

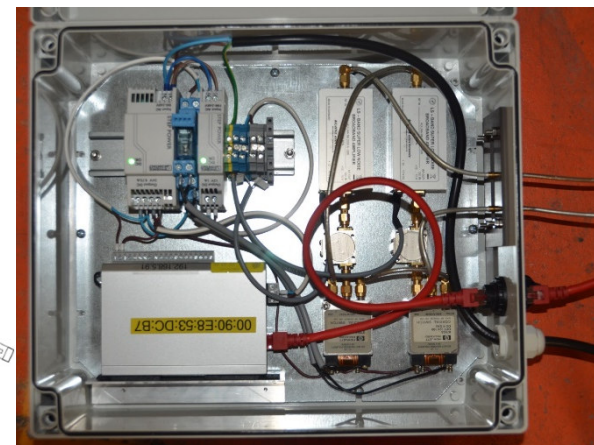
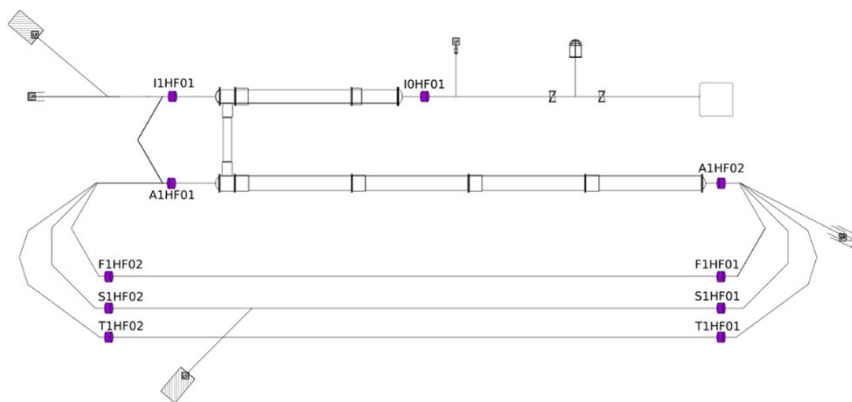


RF-Monitors (phase measurement)

- 14 in total
- 13 installed
- Read-out electronics for 16 available



Up to 2015 only 2 could be read-out with a prototype setup



Amplifiers installed on site



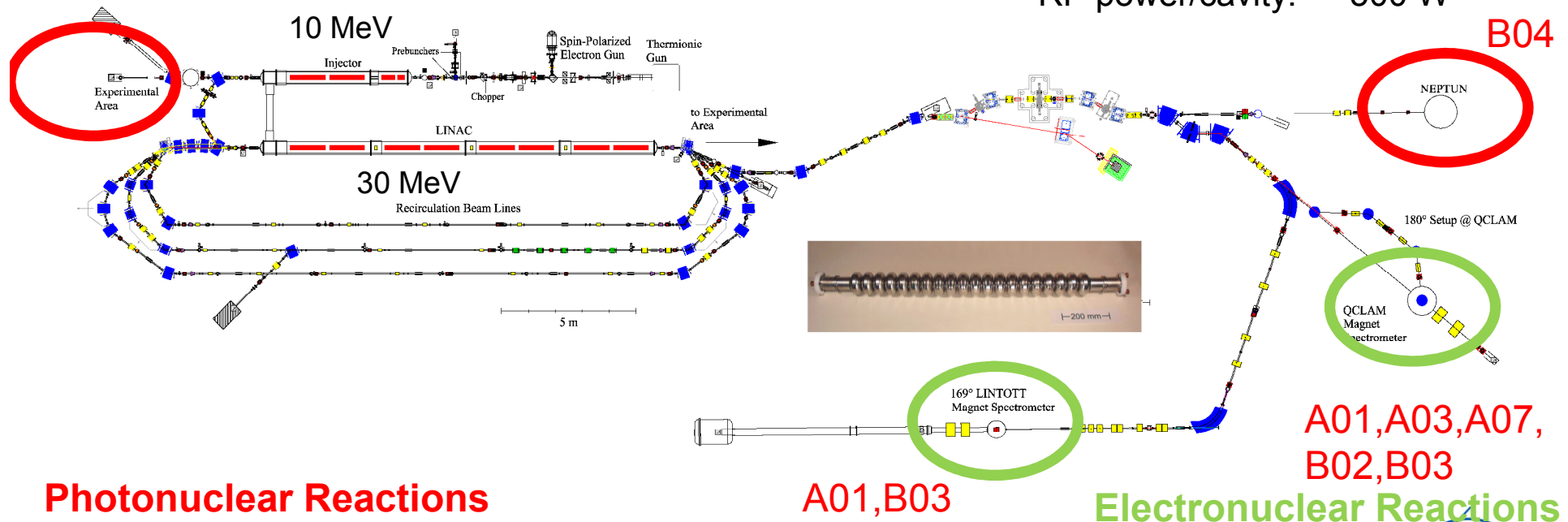
S-DALINAC (in Nov. 2016)

- Issue with 5-cell cavity (→ DESY)
- Commissioning accelerator hall
- Completion/commissioning extraction beam line

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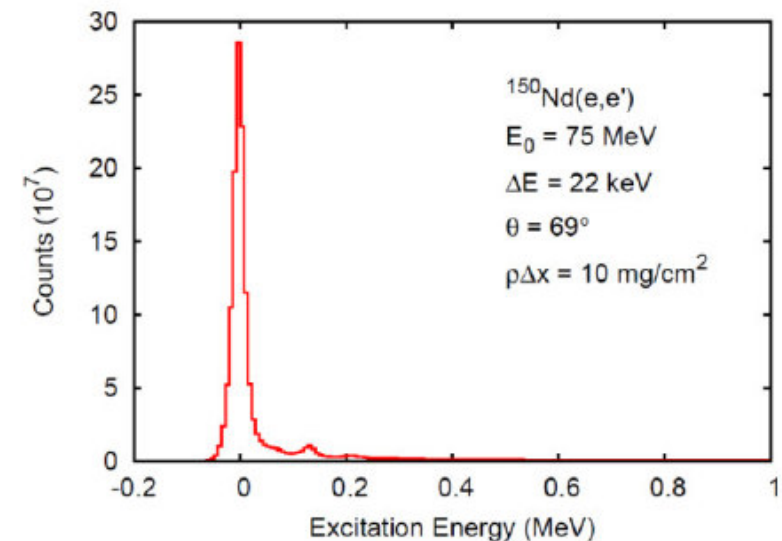


Photonuclear Reactions

Electronuclear Reactions

Conclusion

- S-DALINAC is the most complex research infrastructure at TU Darmstadt
- Enables electron spectroscopy at highest-possible energy resolution
- Photonuclear research complementary to „Nuclear Photonics“ at HIγS and ELI-NP
- Unique research asset for TU Darmstadt and CRC 1245
- Experimental program recommences in spring 2017 (while waiting for CRC projects)



Thank you

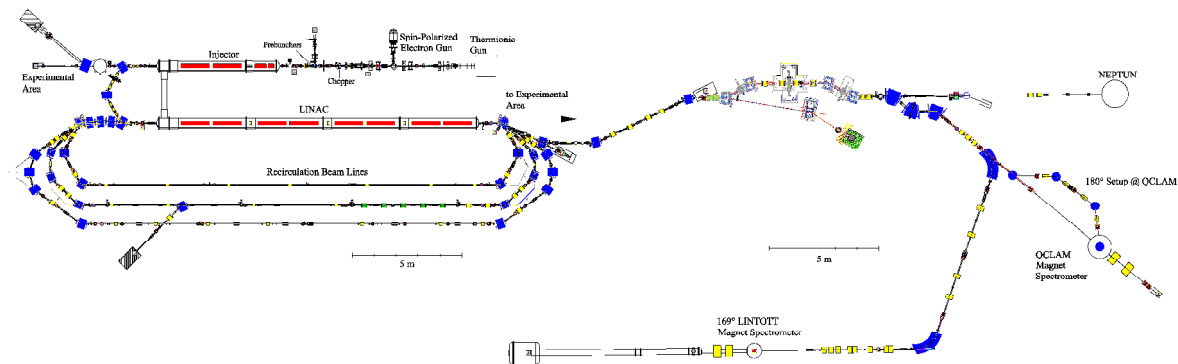
Thanks to the accelerator group:

Dr. Thorsten Kürzeder, Dr. Jonny Birkhan

**Michaela Arnold, Lars Jürgensen,
Ruben Grewe, Christoph Burandt,
Thomas Schösser, Thore Bahlo**

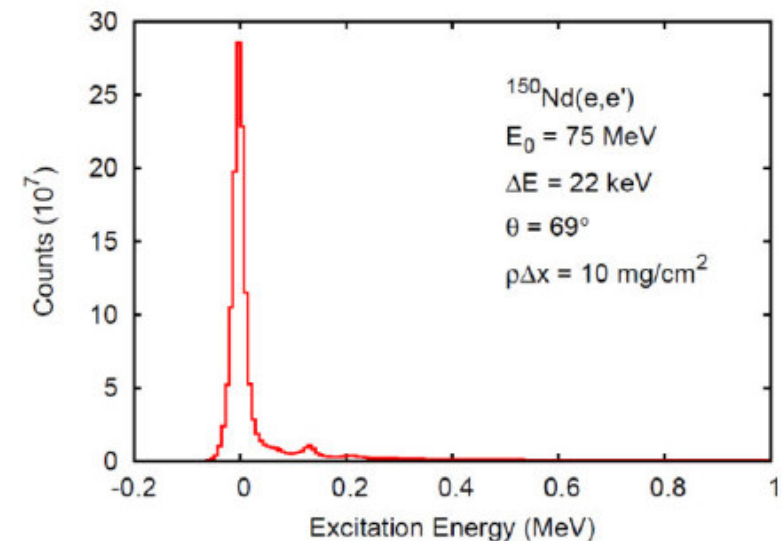
**Kurt Hassler, Manfred Hess,
Carl Pfeil-Herz, Felix Heyer,
Jürgen Müller, Jens Conrad**

**Mirco Gros, Manuel Steinhof,
Jonas Pforr, Maximilian Herbert,
Jan Wissmann, Marco Fischer**

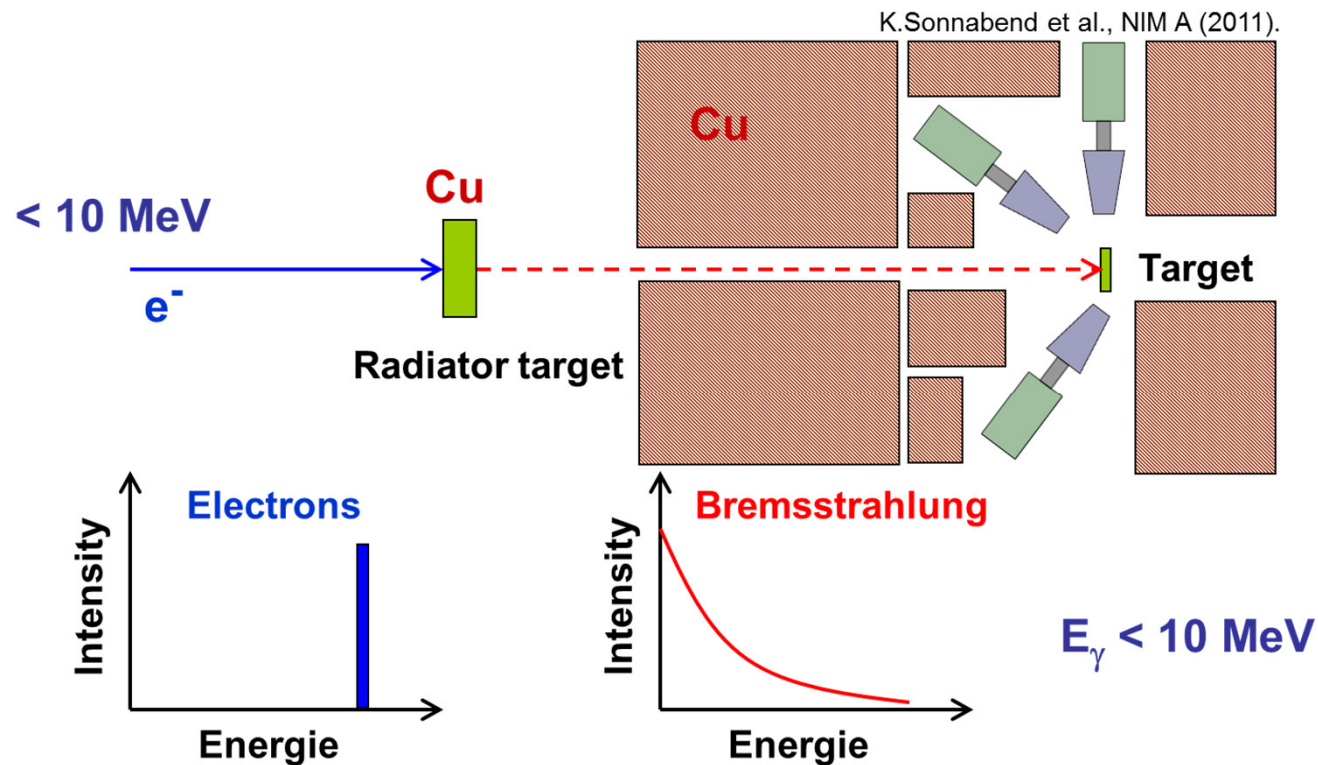


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Darmstadt High-Intensity Photon Setup (DHIPS)



Photoresponse

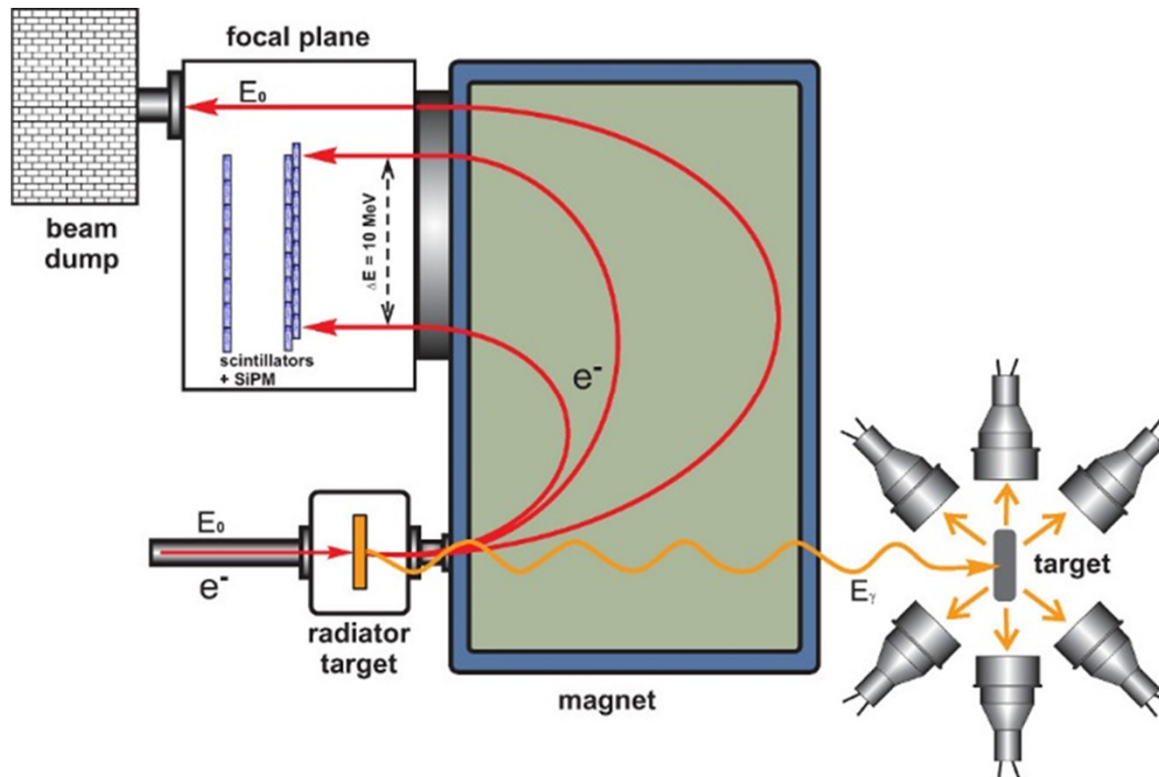
- dipole strength
- level densities
- statistical model

Photofission

- fission modes
- fission isomers

Photoactivation

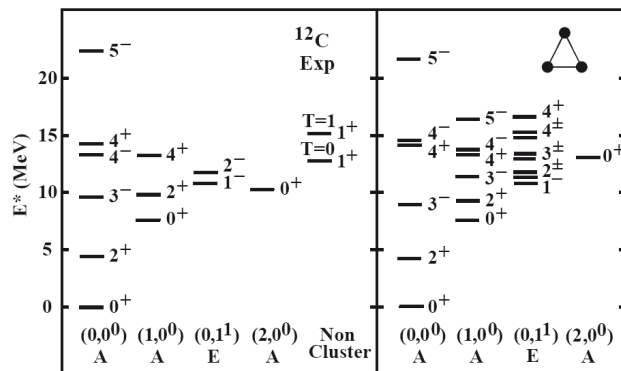
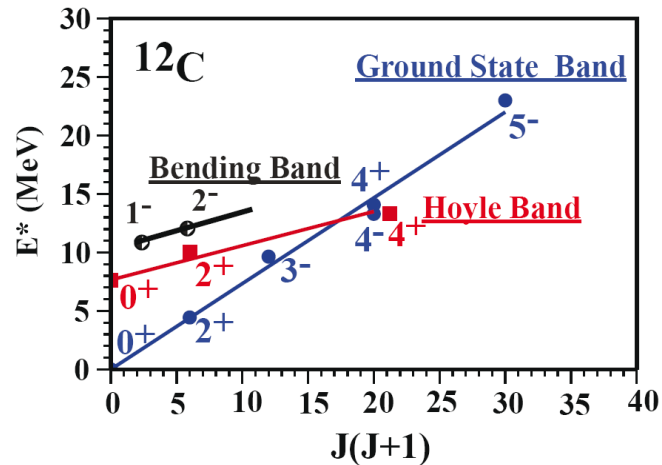
New Photon Tagger of Unprecedented Resolution (NEPTUN)



Photoresponse to quasi-monochromatic beam

- pygmy dipole resonance
- below and above threshold
- $\gamma\gamma$ -cascades
- dipole polarizability
- nuclear EoS

Electron-spectrometry @ S-DALINAC



High-resolution electron-spectroscopy

- α -cluster structure of light nuclei
- structure of nuclei for ν - or WIMP detection

180°-scattering for $M\lambda$ -modes

- EM-analogue of GT-strength
- spin-quenching of higher multipoles

D.J. Marin-Lambarri et al., Phys.Rev.Lett. 113, 012502 (2014)